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30743 S/535/60/000/125/004/008 Investigation of a slow-wave system ... E133/E162

and the results on seven models produced. The effects of varying the various dimensions are demonstrated. The field distribution and the effects of connecting the fins to the walls of the waveguide are investigated. Finally, the higher modes which are possible in the system are considered and investigated experimentally. The longitudinal components of the electric field of the fundamental synphase wave are shown in Fig.1. Theoretical determination of the retardation factor and of the coupling impedance is difficult, due to the complex geometry which is specified by five independent dimensions: a, b, g_E , g_H , d, and also by the period of the structure T and the fin thickness The effects of g_{E} and g_{H} can be estimated by the relationships developed by L.N. Deryugin and N.V. Trunova (Ref. 2: Radiotekhnika, 1959, No.3) and the effect of increasing d is to increase the retardation and to decrease the coupling impedance. T affects these parameters only when it is near to $\lambda_z/2$ in value. For experimental investigation, seven θ-system models were prepared. The models were approximately square in cross-section (b/a = 0.925) and the dimensions of all the models are tabulated The dispersion characteristics of the 0-system -(see Table 1). Card 2/ €

30743

\$/535/60/000/125/004/008 Investigation of a slow-wave system... 5/333/E162

the retardation factor and the coupling impedance - were obtained by the resonance method, using the models. The construction of the models, the experimental set-up and procedure are detailed. The error in measurement of the retardation factor is estimated at not more than 5% and that for the coupling impedance not more than 20%. The three experimental dispersion curves for models 2, which differ only in their d dimension, are compared with the theoretical curve for a three-channel system with the same g_E , g_H and b, but without side walls (a = co), and show that increasing d moves the curve towards the low-frequency side. The experimental dispersion curves for the first four models (which have constant gH and d dimensions, but different gE dimensions) show that reduction of ge leads to a small displacement of the curves towards the high-frequency side, but has little effect on the slope. The experimental dispersion curves for models 2 and 5 (which have constant g_E and d dimensions, but different g_H) show that increase of gH moves the dispersion curve towards the high-frequency side. The relative frequency bandwidth, corresponding to a change in the retardation factor from 4 to 7, was Card 3/6

307113

Investigation of a slow-wave system... S/535/60/000/125/004/008 E133/E162

10-15% for all the models. Curves of the coupling impedance (at the axis of the 0-system) versus the electrical depth of the channels with: (a) g_H constant, g_E varied, and (b) Investigation of the field constant, gH varied) are produced. distribution showed the presence of two symmetrically disposed nodal lines of the electric field in the channel between the gaps The positions of these lines were investigated. Systems with different values of T were compared, and the results show that, except when T lies between $1/4\lambda_Z$ and $1/2\lambda_Z$, its value has little effect on the characteristics of the system. The effect of connecting the fins to the waveguide walls was investigated. It was established experimentally that the presence of four metallic connections placed symmetrically at the nodes of the electric field did not change the field distribution of the fundamental symphase wave. Their effect on the dispersion curves was also investigated. Finally, the retarded and accelerated waves and fields, corresponding to E_{110} , E_{210} , E_{120} and E_{220} modes in rectangular resonators were investigated. The electric field distributions obtained experimentally are shown diagrammatically, and the results discussed. Card 4/

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520019-2"

Investigation of a slow-wave system ... S/535/60/000/125/004/008 E133/E162

M.S. Neyman is mentioned in the article. There are 22 figures, 1 table and 3 Soviet-bloc references.

Table 1

Model number	s _H) b	g _E b	g _H \h	g _E h	d/a
1	0.011	0.054	0.025	0.12	0.01
2a	0.011	0.027	0.023	0.058	0
2b	0.011	0.027	0.023	0.058	0.01
2c	0.011	0.027	0.023	0.058	0.03
3	0.011	0.018	0.023	0.038	0.01
4	0.011	0.009	0.023	0.019	0.01
5	0.032	0.027	0.074	0.061	0.03

Card 5/6 -

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520019-2"

s/535/60/000/125/005/008 E025/E335

9,2590

in-

Voskresenskiy, D.I., Granovskaya, R.A. and AUTHORS:

Deryugin, L.N.

Investigation of delay systems of the interdigital TITLE:

Moscow. Aviatsionnyy institut. Trudy. no. 125. 1960. SOURCE:

Elektromagnitnyye zamedlyayushchiye sistemy; metodika izmereniya elektricheskikh kharakteristik. 67 - 91

An experimental study was made of interdigital delay structures, using the resonance-model method. The dispersion curves were obtained by determining the resonant frequencies of TEXT: models of short-circuited lengths of the structure. The distribution of the fields and the coupling impedances of the harmonics were measured on the same models by the absorption (perturbation) method. The experimental model contained six periods of the structure enabling measurements to be made at seven points in the first passband and at six points in the next passband. These readings suffice for the construction of curves of delay and coupling impedance versus frequency. The use of six Card 1/3

\$/535/60/000/125/005/008 F025/E335

Investigation of delay systems... E025/E335

periods gives sufficient sensitivity for the absorption method. Two models of the delay structure each with a Q of 2000 but differing in their relative dimensions were used. The electrical height of the system is given in a table for both models in the first and second passbands. Dispersion curves are given for both models showing the delay of the phase velocity of the fundamental, first positive and first negative harmonic. Curves given for the delay of higher harmonics and for the delay of the group velocity as a function of the wavelength in free space were calculated from these results. The distribution of the longitudinal field was measured by driving the model by a capacitative projection at one end-wall, the detector head at the other end-wall having the same capacitative coupling. The absorbing element was moved along the axis of the model by a system of rollers and thread. The absorbing element is described; its anisotropy had the values $\mu_z/\mu_y = 20$, $\mu_z/\mu_x = 15$ (μ is the absorption coefficient in the given direction). A diagram shows the idealized distribution of the longitudinal field; the possible field distributions for various amplitudes of the first three Card 2/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520019-2"

s/535/60/000/125/006/008

9.1300 AUTHORS:

Voskresenskiy, D.I. and Granovskaya, R.A.

TITLE : Investigation of a single-start spiral in a circular

waveguide

SOURCE: Moscow. Aviatsionnyy institut. Trudy. no. 125. 1960. Elektromagnitnyye zamedlyayushchiye sistemy; metodika

izmereniya elektricheskikh kharakteristik. 92 - 97

TEXT: The dispersion properties and coupling impedance of a spiral located in a circular waveguide were investigated by using a resonance model (Fig. la). The length of the model was sufficient to obtain different harmonics and fixed-end walls ensured a high Q-factor of the order of 1500. The absorbing element was introduced into the waveguide via apertures and hence the field distribution was obtainable. The end walls created a mirror image giving a spiral of reverse direction and, strictly speaking, the field in the resonance model was not exactly identical to the standing-wave pattern in an infinitely long waveguide. However, the approximation improved with distance from the end walls and, therefore, the coupling impedance and Card 1/3

30744

Investigation of

Card 2/3

\$/535/60/000/125/006/008 E033/E362

dispersion were measured at points distant from the end walls and with high harmonics. The method and block-schematic were basically as described in other articles of the same symposium. The model had the following dimensions: $R/r_0 = 2$; $a_0/r_0 = 0.143$; $a_0/h = 0.276$. By determining the number of semiwaves at a given resonant frequency and knowing the geometric length of the model, the retardation $\gamma = c/\lambda_z \hat{f}_p$ (c - velocity of light, f_p - resonant frequency, λ_z - the wavelength of the slow wave) can be calculated. The results of measurement of the retardation are compared graphically with the theoretical results. The difference (about 10%) is explained by the error in the resonance model and by the assumptions of the approximate theory. The coupling impedance was measured by the absorption method. The absorbing element, consisting of a glass rod with a layer of Aqua-dag, was calibrated in coaxial and cylindrical

resonators. The results of measurement of the coupling impedance (accuracy about 15%) are shown graphically together with the theoretical curve. The retardation changes only from 9 to 11

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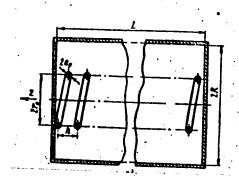
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s/535/60/000/125/006/008 Investigation of E033/E362

over a wide frequency band but the coupling impedance falls from hundreds of ohms at low frequencies to a few ohms at high frequencies.

There are 4 figures and 3 Soviet-bloc references.

<u>Fig. 1</u>:



Card 3/3

30745

S/535/60/000/125/007/008 E033/E362

9,4230 AUTHORS:

Voskresenskiy, D.I. and Granovskaya, R.A.

TITLE:

Investigation of a slow-wave system of the "spiral-

channel" type

SOURCE:

Moscow. Aviatsionnyy institut. Trudy. no. 125. 1960. Elektromagnitnyye zamedlyayushchiye sistemy; metodika izmereniya elektricheskikh kharakteristik. 98 - 103

TEXT: Results of measuring the retardation and coupling impedance of a slow-wave system of the spiral-channel type are given in this article. These values were measured on a resonance model (Fig. 2), consisting of a section of the spiral, short-circuited by metallic end-walls. A standing wave could be excited in the model by a finger through an aperture in one end-wall and the resonance-indicator was coupled to the model by a similar finger in the other end-wall. A number of radial and azimuthal apertures in the end-walls permitted the field-distribution to be investigated. Obtaining the dispersion curve was complicated by side resonances and by different types of waves which could be excited in the model. The number of slow Card 1/4

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Investigation of

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semi-waves m was determined by moving a cylindrical element, coated with an absorbing layer of Aqua-dag, along the z (longitudinal) axis of the system. The absorption method was used to obtain the value of the coupling impedance. The absorbing element, a small phenopolystyrol cylinder with its side surface coated with Aqua-dag was calibrated in a standard cylindrical resonator. The experimental dispersion curve is produced and compared with the curve obtained from a dispersion equation, previously derived by the present authors (Ref. 4 -Izvestiya VUZov MVO SSSR, razdel Radiotekhnika, no. 3, 1959). For values of the retardation factor from 4 to 7, the difference between theoretical and experimental results does not exceed 10%. The group velocity was found from the dispersion curves The curve of measured coupling impedance values is compared with a theoretical curve, calculated by a formula previously obtained by the authors (Ref. 4). In the region of small retardation values, the theoretical and experimental curves are very close to each other but differ considerably as the retardation γ increases. This difference is explained by the errors in the experiment due to inhomogeneity of the field along the length Card 2/4

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Investigation of

Card 3/4

of the abosrbing element and by the assumptions of the theory. The coupling impedance falls from a high value to less than 10 ohms for $\gamma > 0$. A feature of the "spiral-channel" is the variation in the field distribution with increase of retardation and this makes the passage of the electron beam down the œntral channel inconvenient. The electron beam should be passed through special orifices in the walls of the channel located at anti-nodes of the electric field but as these anti-nodes will be displaced with change of frequency, the interaction between the beam and the field will be considerably reduced with change in frequency. The extent of this displacement was investigated and a curve showing the dependence of the antinode position on frequency was plotted. The curves show that above a particular frequency very little further displacement Therefore, providing the positions of the orifices are correctly selected, effective interaction between the beam and the field can be ensured. There are 6 figures and 4 references: 2 Soviet-bloc and 2 non-Soviet-bloc. The two English-language references mentioned are: Ref. 1 - Lester M. Field - Some

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Investigation of

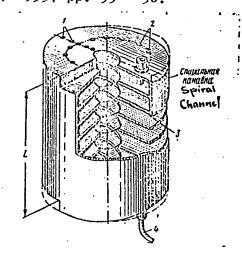
Slow-wave Structures for Travelling-wave Tubes. PIRE, January, 1949, pp. 34-40; Ref. 3 - Joseph E. Rowe - A Wideband Structure for High-power Travelling-wave Tubes. Trans. IRE (Professional Group on Electron Devices), December, 1953, pp. 55 - 56.

Fig. 2: - Resonance model.

1, 2 - apertures for investigating the field-distribution;

3 - Slow-wave system;

4 - cable to indicator.



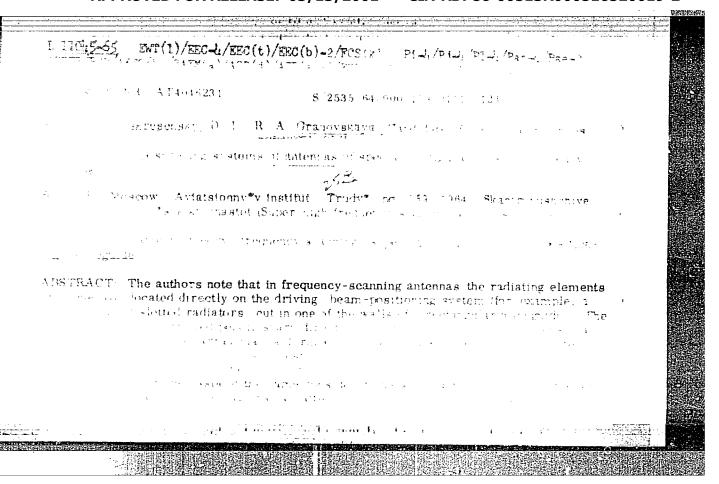
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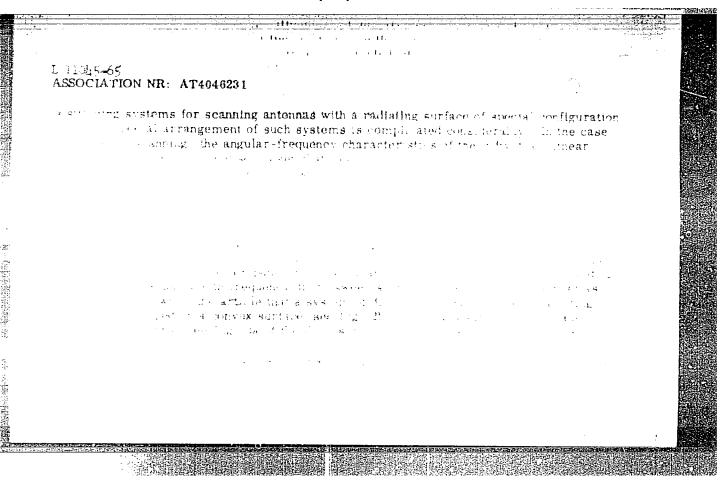
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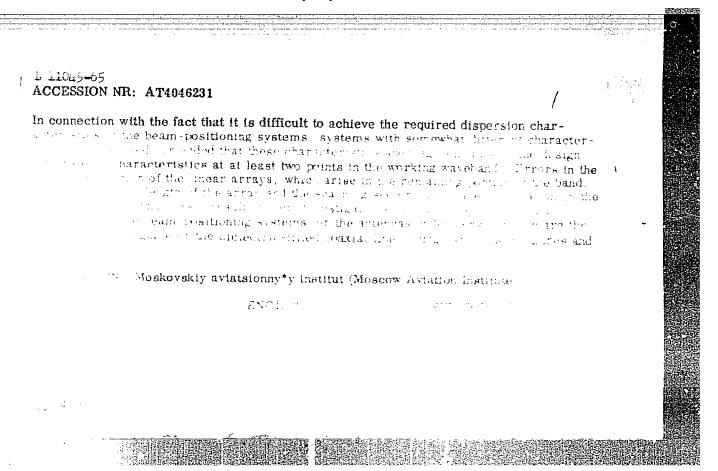
Decision of the scientific council of the Radio Engineering Department of the Sergo Ordzhonikidze Institute of Aviation in Moscow. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; radiotekh. 4 no.4:507-508 Jl-Ag '61.

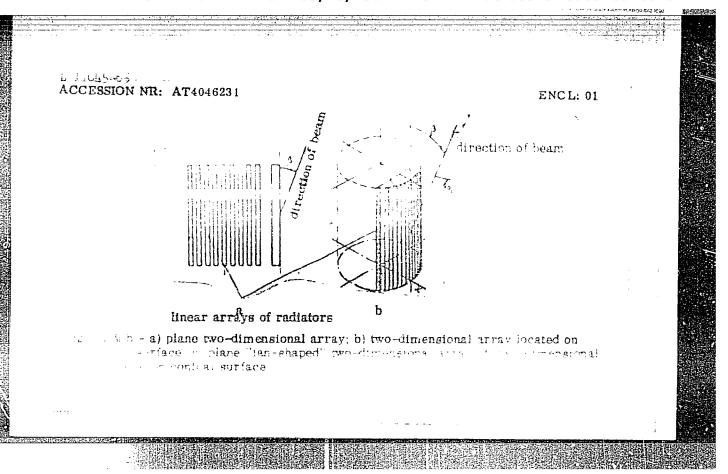
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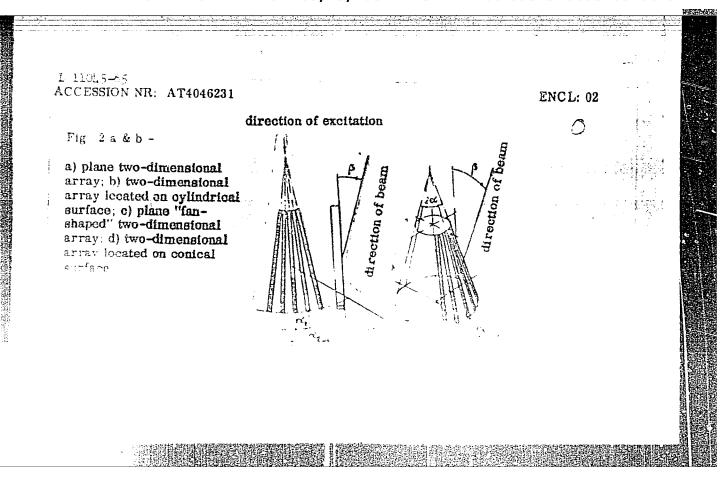
1. Sekretar' Uchenogo Soveta radiotekhnicheskogo fakul'teta Moskovskogo aviatsionnogo instituta. (Radio)











BABAYEV, V.I., inzh.; GRANOVSKAYA, R.M., inzh.; BAZHENOVA, N.I., inzh.; DAN'SHINA, N.M., inzh.

Using the industrial method for the sulfonation of alcohols from unsaponifiables II with sulfuric acid. Masl.-zhir.prom. 28 no.8:34-35 Ag '62. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Shebekinskiy kombinat sinteticheskikh zhirnykh kislot i zhirnykh spirtov.

BABAYEV, V.I., inzh.; GRANOVSKAYA, R.M., inzh.; ZHIVOTKOVA, L.V.; BONDARENKO, I.S.

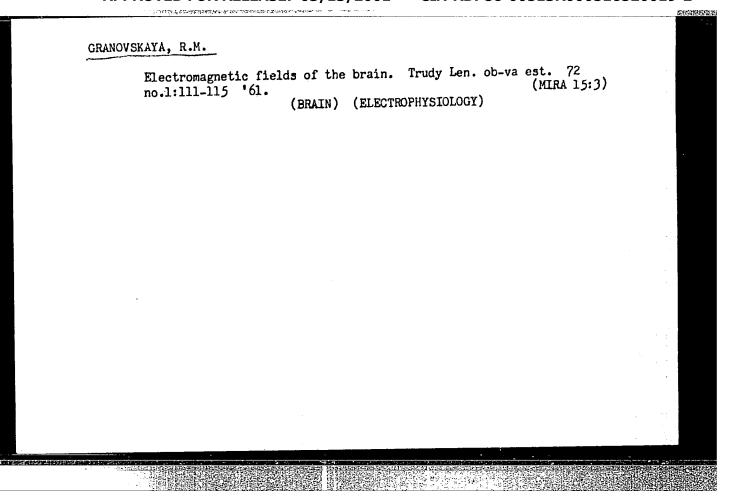
Removal of suspended matter from neutralized wastes in the manufacture of synthetic fatty acids. Masl.-zhir. prom. 29 no.3:32-34 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:4)

SHKURENKO, P.L., inzh.; BABAYIM, V.I., inzh.; GRANOVSKAYA, R.M., inzh.

Purification of barometric condenser waters. Masl.-zhir.prom. 29
no.1:34-35 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:2).

1. Shebekinskiy kombinat sinteticheskikh zhirnykh kislot i
zhirnykh spirtov.

(Distillation) (Water-Purification)



GRAMMASKAYM,
ACCESSION NR: AP4002550

\$/0247/63/013/006/1108/1110

AUTHOR: Smetankin, G. N.

TITLE: Third Volga Area Conference of physiologists, biochemists, and pharmacologists

SOURCE: Zhurnal vy*sshey nervnoy deyatel'nosti, v. 13, no. 6, 1963, 1108-1110

TOPIC TAGS: bionics, closed cybernetic system, neuron modeling, pharmacological stimulant, regeneration process, dibazol, thyroidine, pentoxyl, neuron, cybernetics, central nervous system, biological modeling

ABSTRACT: The Third Volga-Area Conference of physiologists, biochemists, and pharmacologists was held in Gorky in June 1963. One hundred and thirty papers were presented. Experimental results and clinical data were reported on various problems in the physiology, biochemistry, and pharmacology of the central nervous system. Problems concerning the cardiovascular system, respiration, endocrine system, and the digestive system were also discussed. A. N. Halakhov and M. Yu.UI yanov

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GANZEN, V.A.; GRANOVSKAYA, R.M.

Some frequency transformations studied on the models of neurons. Vest. LGU 18 no.21:155-160 '63 (MIRA 16:12)

Conduction of a nervous impulse in the stem and phalangeal preparation of a sciatic nerve of a frog during excitation by square pulses. Trudy Len. ob-va est. 74 no. 1:81-84 '63. (MIRA 17:9)

GRANOVSKAYA, R.M.; GANZEN, V.A.

Role of a motor link in the visual system during the identification of an object by its outward contour. Vop. psikhol. 11 no.1:66-82 Ja-F *65. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Otdeleniya psikhologii Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta i Vychislitel'nyy tsentr Leningradskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta.

- 19707_65 EWT(d)/SED-2/EWP(1) Pq-4/Pg-4/Pk-4 IJ7(c) BB/GG - 4. - 44. (con incrimor 9./0062) THORE Granovskaya, R. M.; Ganzen, V. A.; Krivova, G. Ya. 1997 Total-computer simulation of the memorication opposed in a very simple 160 15 Teningrad. Universitet. Kafedra vychislitelin wy mutematiki i Vychisliorigentr. Wychialitel'naya takhnika i voprosy programm.reventya, no. 3, nervius system, neuron syntem, neuronis To Allie A memory is defined in this article and the project out the nervous continuous, stoning, and records offered to the continuous of the continuous stoning and records are the continuous of the continuous stoning and records are the continuous stoning and the continuous stoning and the continuous stoning are the continuous stoning and the continuous stoning are the continuous stoning and the continuous stoning are th and the state of the state of the my furing operation. The network considered is in the form of a matrix with the removement of this first that the common of the end of the common of the comm post. The algument at the inguis and origin. We so, we at any instant of is one of two values, zero or l. An expression is we then for the state of the neuron output at the instant t + 1 when a set e of signals is applied to Cord 1/2

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ACCESSION RR: ATSO01654

The system at the instant t (the synapse delay time is used as the sold of time).
First ments were made with this matrix on the "Iracil" election of the product of the quality of memory of the control of the product of the pr

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EED-2/EVI(d)/T/EWP(1) Pg-4/Pk-4/Po-4/Pq-4 IJP(c) GG/BB

ACCESSION NR: AT5001656

\$/3040/64/000/003/0069/0079

AUTHOR: Granovskaya, R. M.; Ganzen, V. A.

TITLE: Algorithm for the recognition of contour images

SOURCE: Leningrad. Universitet. Kafedra vychislitel'noy matematiki i Vychislitel'nyy tsentr. Vychislitel'naya tekhnika i voprosy programmirovaniya, no. 3, 1964, 69-79

TOPIC TAGS: character recognition, reading machine, outline recognition, servomechanism

ARCTRACT: The authors describe an algorithm for the recognition of plane figures of rexternal contour. The system is based on some information concerning the contour and functions of biological systems. It is printed but that the since of the contour and results in formation of a system of sequential sensing signals. Human recognition consists of starting out with minimum accuracy, which is increased by using additional attributes until the problem is solved with sufficient accuracy. The algorithm described here employs a varying number of

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attributes, depending on the required recognition accuracy. The method consists in the following: A servomechanism searches for the object in its field of view and tracks the contour of the object (defined as an arbitrary connective region on a plane, bounded by a smooth closed line). The tracing of the contour begins an arbitrary point and is in a counterclockwise direction, concluding upon returning to the initial point. The response of the servomechanism is proportional to the curvature of the contour at each point. The system is sensitive to chances in the curvature of the contour. Auxiliary attributes may be topological that area, the position of the initial point, the orientation of the contour in an external coordinate syste, and the properties of the digital code used for data transmission. The number and composition of the attributes employed, as well as transmission. The number and composition of the attributes employed, as well as transmission levels, can be different. Examples are presented of recognition of the stantization levels, can be different. Examples are presented of recognition of the several attributes (up to 3) are presented. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 6 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy universitet (Leningrad University)

SUBMITTED: 10Jun63

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NR REF SOV: 010

OTHER: 001

Card 2/2

L 22876-65 EEC-4/EED-2/EEC(k)-2/EWG(c)/EEC(g)/EWT(d)/EWP(1) Pg-4/Pk-4/Po-4/Pg-4
ACCESSION NR: AT5001657 IJP(c) GG/BB S/3040/64/000/003/0084/0090

AUTHOR: Ganzen, V. A.; Granovskaya, R. M.

TITLE: Apparatus for the calculation and simulation of neurons

SOURCE: Leningrad. Universitet. Kafedra vychislitel'noy matematiki i Vychislitel'nyy tsentr. Vychislitel'naya tekhnika i voprosy programmirovaniya, no. 3, 1964, 84-90

TOPIC TAGS: neuron modeling, central nervous system, neuron threshold, neuron function

ABSTRACT: Unlike most other mathematical models of neurons, in which the neuron is regarded as a logical converter, the apparatus described here makes it possible to simulate neuron operation by taking additional account of the operation of a neuron as a converter of a space-time pulsed code. The apparatus is intended for the investigation of the conversion of such a space-time pulse code in neuron models of different types and under different operating conditions. The priciples underlying the construction of the machine were obtained from a representation of the physiological data and structure and function of the neuron, obtained

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ACCESSION NR: AT5001657

by the authors elsewhere (Vestnik LGU, No. 4, 1963). The neuron is regarded as a multiple-pole network with several inputs and one output. The input signals are binary, and the neuron has a threshold which can vary in time. A block diagram of the apparatus is shown in Fig. 1 of the enclosure. The input sequences of stimuli, the law governing the variation of the threshold with time, and the law governing the forgetting of the stimuli are all inserted by means of a punched tape through a reading unit or by means of a keyboard. The different units of the apparatus are inscribed. An approximate calculation shows that the apparatus can be investimated for about 107 different typical conditions. It is claimed that the apparatus will help decide which functions of the central nervous system are determined by the structure and operation of individual neurons, and which are determined by the neuron network as a whole. No special programming is required, and the contract are presented in a form similar to an ordinary oscillogram.

ASSOCIATION: Leningradskiy universitet (Leningrad University)

SUBMITTED: 23Feb63

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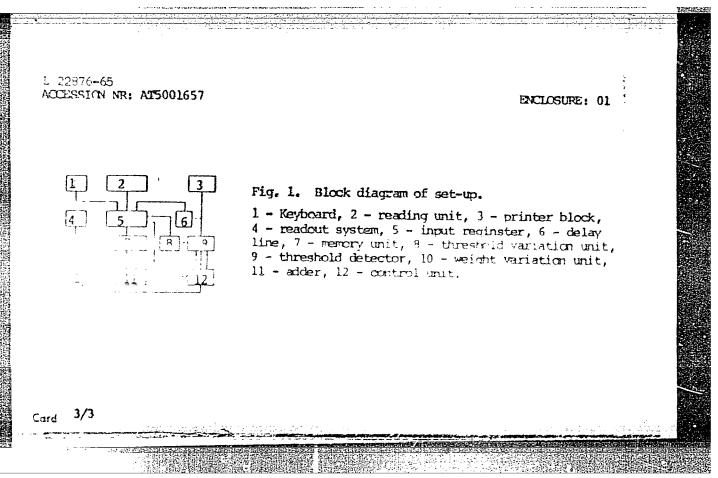
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Card 2/3



GRANOVSKAYA, R.M.; GANZEN, V.A.

Mechanisms of a passive inhibition of the neuron. Vest. IGU 20 no.3:142-145 '65. (MIRA 18:2)

ENT(d)/ED-2/ENP(1) Pq-L/Pg-L/Pk-L LIP(c) BB/GG/GS/JXT(EF) L 51640-55 AT 5014726 UR /0000 /65 /000 /000 /0179 /0186 AUTHOR: Granovskaya, R. M., Ganzen, V. A. TITLE One of the possible network models possessing an associative memory o control to the street of the ... Jernik statey. Leningrad, Izd-vo Energiya. 1965. 179 1-6 * UNCLINES: associative memory model, network model memory, plastic neuron network memory, addressless memory model ABSTRACT: Although the principles of associative memories have long been known to ests (see, e.g., Yu. L. Samarin, Ocherki psikhologii uma, Ed. APN, 1962), the an which such memories are based are still listing. The present paper in-The state of the s , where $\mu_{\rm c}$ is the term of all structure of the χ -graph χ and structure the context of and the network operations during the recording of words, reading or words, time associathe screated between words in two alphabets, and the time associations between words of the same alphabet. Orig. art. has: 10 formulas and 3 figures. Card 1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AT5014726
ASSOCIATION: None
SUBMITTED: 20Jan65 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: DP
NO REF SOV: 004 OTHER: 003

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520019-2

AUTHOR: Ganzen, V. A.; Granovskaya, R. M.

ORG: none

TITLE: A self-instructing system for the recognition of a certain class of visual patterns

SOURCE: Moscow. <u>Institut avtomatiki i telemekhaniki</u>. Samoobuchayushchiyesya avtomaticheskiye sistemy (Self-instructing automatic systems). Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1966, 102-107

TOPIC TAGS: pattern recognition, character recognition, self organizing system, optic scanning, reading machine

ABSTRACT: A self-instructing system which recognizes objects on the basis of their external configuration is described. The system is based on certain information regarding the structure and functions of biological analyzer systems. The role of the external configuration of objects in the recognition process is analyzed and is shown to involve an adaptation process as one of the physiological mechanisms essential to the execution of this operation by the human organism. In the system considered, fundamentally a letter-recognition servosystem, the primary attributes playing an secondary role in those cases, for example, in which figures consisting of un-

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ACC NR: AT6022678

joined segments are to be distinguished (such as the Cyrillic letters yery bl, yoë, and i kratkoye ŭ). A block-diagram of such a system is analyzed and its operation is explained. The basic principle employed is one of servo scanning tied to a system of natural coordinates. A brief description is given of the machine code and the technique of initial teaching. Examples of the recognition of objects of certain sets (printed letters of the Latin and Russian alphabets, digits, and geometric figures) are presented, and on this basis the properties of the system are illustrated. It is shown that through the use of certain physiological data a system can be developed capable of performing a part of the recognition functions of man. Orig. art. has: 2 tables and 3 figures.

SUB CODE: 06,09/ SUBM DATE: 02Mar66/ ORIG REF: 007

Card 2/2

3. 08830-67 E:T(d)/EWP(1) 13P(c) BB/1070X1(BT/ ACC NR: AT6022619 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/3040/65/000/004/0084/0099		
AUTHOR: Ganzen, V. A.; Granovskaya, R. M.		
ORG: none		
TITLE: Several problems in the processing and storage of information on line drawings		
SOURCE: Leningrad. Universitet. Kafedra vychislitel'noy matematiki i Vychislitel'nyy tsentr. Vychislitel'naya tekhnika i voprosy programmirovaniya, no. 4, 1965, 84-99	!	
TOPIC TAGS: recognition process, information processing, information storage, nervous system		
ABSTRACT: A method for processing information derived from the identification of objects by their external contours is described. The ability of a memory system to classify objects is studied on the basis of principles derived from the study of the human nervous system: 1) the reaction to a change in any parameter of an input signal which may, in special cases, be taken to be proportional to the time derivative of the signal; 2) the system is capable of integrating parameter changes in time and its reaction is proportional to the summation so derived; 3) there is a threshold value such that the reaction at the system's output differs according to whether the signal is above or below the threshold value. The stages of contour recognition are described through the expression of the contour in the form of a code based on quantities assign-		I
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KAZIMIRSKIY, Ya.M., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; ZVEREVA, T.A., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; GRANOVSKAYA, R.Ya., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; PYATIGORSKAYA, T.I., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Technical and economic effectiveness of the steam-heating, and mechanical methods of preparing potatoes for drying. Trudy VNIIKOP no.9:26-52 '59. (MIRA 14:1)

(Potatoes-Drying)

MOROZENSKIY, L.M.; GRANOVSKAYA, Ya.

Processing of dried squash and cauliflower. Kons. 1 ov. prom.
13 no.6:26-29 Je '58. (MIRA 11:5)

1.Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut konservnoy i ovoshchesushil'noy promyshlennosti.

(Squash--Drying) (Califlower--Drying)

Determining the color of dried cabbage during sto 14 no.2:38-39 F '59.	(Made 120)
<pre>1. TSentral'my nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut ovoshchesushil'noy promyshlennosti.</pre>	it konservnoy i

EUGROVA, L.N.; GRANOVSKAYA, R.Ya.

Improved method for determining the ascorbic acid context of food products. Kons. i ov. prom. 14 no.6:43-44 Je '59.

(Food--Analysis) (Ascorbic acid)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520019-2"

MOROZENSKIY, L.M.; GRANOVSKAYA, R.Ya.

Testing of the steam band blancher developed by Shcheklin at the Dmitriyevsk Dried Vegetable Plant. Kons.i ov.prom. 18 no.5:8-12 My '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut konservnoy i ovoshchesushil'noy promyshlennosti.

(Makeyevka...Canning industry...Equipment and supplies)

GRANOVSKAYA, Sh.G. and CHERNOGOROV, I.A.

"Results of Sleep Therapy in Acute Insuffiency of Coronary Circulation." Klin.Med., 30, no.1, 1952/

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GRANOVSKAYA, S. Ye. - "Use of hawthorn for high blood pressure diseases," Vracheb. delo, 1949, No. 2, columns 139-44
SO: U-3566, 15 March 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 14, 1949).

GRANOVSKAYA, S.Ye., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk

Studying bromine metabolism in patients with peptic ulcer. Vrach. delo no.6:649-651 Je '57. (MIRA 10:8)

 Gospital'naya terapevticheskaya klinika (zav. - prof. P.I.Sharlay)
 Khar'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (PEPTIC UICER) (BROMINE METABOLISM)

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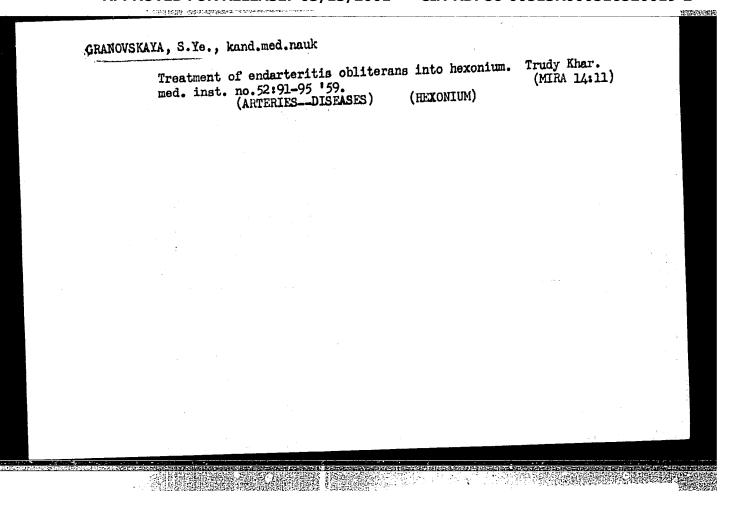
SHARLAY, R.I., prof.; POCHEPTSOV, V.G., kand.med.nauk; GRANOVSKAYA, S.Ye., Constitution of solutions kand med nauk; KOZLOVA, O.M.

> On the effect of hexonium in seisures of renal colic. Sow.med. 23 (MIRA 13:1) no.9:114-116 S '59.

> 1. Is kafedry gospital'noy terapii lechebnogo fakul'teta (sav. - prof. R.I. Sharlay) Khar'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - dotsent H.F. Kononenko) i klinicheskoy bol'nitsy Mo.27 (glavnyy wrach A.G. Chipyzhenko).

(URINARY CALCULI ther.) (AUTONOMIC DRUGS ther.)

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L.E. HENERRERERERERER AND LEGAN AND ALCOHOLOGY GRANOVSKAYA, S.Ye., kand.med.mauk Mechanism of hexonium action in ulcer cases. Vrach.delo nos3: 140-141 Mr 163. 1. Kafedra gospital'noy terapii (zav. - prof. R.I.Sharlay [deceased]) lechebnogo fakul'teta Khar'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta. (HEXONIUM) (ALIMENTARY CANAL ULCERS)

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Use of hexonium in renal colic. Sov. med. 27 no.3:126-127 Mr '64.

(MIRA 17:11)

1. Kafedra gospital'noy terapii lechebnogo fakul'teta (zav. - prof.

L.T. Malaya) Khar'kovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

GRANOVSKAYA, V	V. SH.		PA :	190 1 9	
	19019	pressed by omega = k1PN ₂ where omega is the rate of reaction. Activation energy in the range 400-4500 is 39,200 cal. At 5000 the kinetics change as abown by eqs in the text. Results confirm theoretical conclusions drawn in prior work.	Lyst experimentally. At 550-600° the kinetics correspond to M. I. Tyemkin and V. M. Pyzhev's eq ["Znnr Fiz Khim" Vol XIII, 851, 1939) with alpha = 0.5. Energy of activation of NH3 decompn in this range is 41,600 cal. On removal from equil conditions (brought about by lowering the temp), the LC USSR/Chemistry - Ammonia Synthesis (Contd) Nay 51	"Change of the E 1. Kinetics of S. L. Kiperman, ics, Moscow, Phy "Zhur Fiz Khim"	
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action does not depend on the partial pressures

of H and ammonia as is the case on an Os cata-

lyst. Author says that the change in the se-

quence of the reaction of ammonia synthesis, caused by the change in the degree to which the

surface of the catalyst is covered with N confirms

previously developed ideas.

of ammonia gas, the order of the reaction changes. departure from equil, when there is a small vol

the kinetics of the reaction are represented by Where the yields of ammonia are relatively small,

the eq, WaklPN2, that is, the rate of the re-

GRANOVSKAYA, V. SH.

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USSR/Chemistry - Synthesis of Ammonia

Nov 52

V. Sh. Granovskaya, Physicochem Inst imeni L. Ya. Removed From Equilibrium," S. L. Kiperman and of the Reaction on an Iron Catalyst, at a Point sis of Ammonia: II. Research Into the Kinetics "The Change in the Reaction Order in the Synthe-Karpov, Moscow

"Zhur Fiz Khim" Vol 26, No 11, pp 1615-1618

alyst at atm pressure. If there is a significant of ammonia synthesis on two specimens of Fe cat-The authors obtained data regarding the kinetics

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USER/Mercury
Lamps, arc

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Study of characteristic natural electric oscillations
of mercury arcs at vapor pressures of 0.2 to 5.0-ma
Hg, to clarify the nature of undamped electric oscillations arising in circuits having neither capacity nor inductance.

4795

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Discharges, electric

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Suetin, 4 pp

"CR Acad Sci" Vol XLIX, No 6

Development of a dielectric diaphragm to separate the anode region from the cathode region in discharge tubes permitting the authors to obtain undamped electric oscillations whose power is limited only by heat loss from the tube.

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Electric smelting for matte in copper metallurgy; a reply to L.M.Gazarian. TSvet.met. 28 no.1:33-41 Ja-F '55. (MIRA 10:10) (Copper-Electrometallurgy) (Gazarian, L.M.)

MITKALINNYY, V revolod Ivanovich; KRAFUKHIN, Vsevolod Valer'yansvich; VASHCHENKO, Aleksandr Ivanovich; GRANOVSKIY, Boris L'vovich; GLINKOV, M.A., prof., doktor tekhn. nauk, red.

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[Metallurgical furnaces; an atlas] Metallurgicheskie pechi; atlas. Izd.2., perer. Moskva, Metallurgiia, 1964. 219 p.

[Data for the atlas "Metallurgical furnaces"] K atlasu
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(Shaft simking) (Mine hoisting) (Winches)

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Built-in power cable for supplying power and regulating the operation of borer mechanisms in core drilling equipment for shafts. Shakht. stroi. 8 no.10:16-19 0 '64. (MIRA 17:12)

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1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektno-konstruktorskiy institut podzemnogo i shakhtnogo stroitel'stva.

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ACC NR: AP6000953 SOURCE CODE: UR/0286/65/000/022/0040/0040	
44,55 44,55 44,55	
AUTHORS: Yermanok, Ye. Z.; Rodin, I. Z.; Shuvarikov, V. M.; Granovskiy, B. Z.	
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ORG: none	
6 17 tolota Class 21 No. 176336 (2)	
TITLE: A method for contact arc weiging of 1-joines. Class 21, No. 210350	
SOURCE, Randleten! izobreteniv i tovarnykh znakov, no. 22, 1965, 40	
TOPIC TAGS: welding, welding electrode, welding equipment, welding technology, arc	
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ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a medical for all welding 1-joines, as	
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	TITLE: A method for contact arc welding of T-joints. Class 21, No. 176336 SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 22, 1965, ho TOPIC TAGS: welding, welding electrode, welding equipment, welding technology, arc welding ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a method for arc welding T-joints, as between rods and plates. To facilitate the process and to improve the quality of the welded joint, the heading is produced in the course of welding with the help of an electrode provided with a groove.

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EWT(1)/EWG(k)/BDS/ES(w)-2--AFFTC/ASD/ESD-3/AFWL/IJP(C)/ L 16194-63 SSD--Pz-4/Pi-4/Pab-4/Po-4--AT 8/0058/63/000/006/0102/0102 ACCESSION NR: AR3005160 SOURCE: RZh. Fizika, Abs. 6 D694 AUTHORS: Artamonov, G. P.; Granovskiy, E. I.; Koka, P. A. TITLE: Plasmatron - high-temperature source of spectrum excitation CITED SOURCE: Tr. Kazakhsk. n.-i in-ta mineral'n. sy*r'ya, vy*p. 2, 1960, 285-294 TOPIC TAGS: Plasmatron, are channel, spectrum excitation, argon, nitrogen, carbon dioxide TRANSIATION: The operating principle and the construction of a plasmatron and of a device for introduction of a solution in a plasma jet are described. The connection between the diameter of the arc channel and the parameters that determine. this diameter (absolute pressure of the supplied liquid, centrifugal pressure of the rotating liquid, or gas, pressure on the internal surface of the channel, density of liquid or gas, velocity of the liquid at the inlet and on the surface of the channel) is made more precise. It is established that the complex profile of the angular velocity of the rotating liquid, chosen for the calculations, gives Card 1/2

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that the b	greement with exp n of the arc, and est gas for stabl an arc current 1 s of analyses mad	. CO ₂ was us e operation 725 ammer	ed to pulve of the places. A tent	erize the sametron is tative cond	solution. Ar at 0.4 Slusion is	It was f 0.6 at	ound mos-	
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GRANOVSKIY, E.I.

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l. Kazakhskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut mineral'nogo syr'ya.

EOCHAROV, Grigor'yevich; CRANOVSKIY, G., red.

[Calculating the cost of industrial production] Kal'kulirovanie sebestoimosti promyshlennoi produktsii.

Moskva, Finansy, 1964. 162 p. (MIRA 17:11)

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(Kinematics of cutting.)

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GRANOVSKIY, G.I.

Metallorezhushchii instrument (Metalcutting tool). Moskva, Mashgiz, 1952. 278 p.

SO: Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Vol. 6, No. 1, April 1953

GRANOVSKIY - G. 1.

TREASURE ISLAND BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REPORT AID 747 - I PHASE I

BOOK

Call No.: AF657796

Author: GRANOVSKIY, G. I., Dr. of Tech. Sci., Prof. Full Title: METAL-CUTTING TOOLS: DESIGN AND USE HANDBOOK

2nd ed., rev. and enlarged

Transliterated Title: Metallorezhushchiy instrument: konstruktsiya

i ekspluatatsiya, spravochnoye posobiye.

Izd. 2-e, isprav. i dopol.

PUBLISHING DATA

Originating Agency: None

Publishing House: State Scientific and Technical Publishing House

of Machine-Building Literature (MAShGIZ)

No. of copies: 20,000 Date: 1954 No. pp.: 315

Editorial Staff: Gliner, B. M., Eng. - Editor

Kovan, V. M., Dr. of Tech. Sci., Prof. - Appraiser

Karganov, V. G., Eng. - Editor of Graphic Data PURPOSE: Designed for engineers, machinist and foremen in the metalworking industry, this book may also be used as a textbook by students in technical schools.

TEXT DATA

Coverage: This book describes the design, construction and use of metal-cutting tools for boring, drilling, broaching, milling, reaming, thread-cutting, and drawing and gear-cutting machines and turret lathes, both automatic and semi-automatic, regular and

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Metallorezhushchiy instrument: konstruktsiya 1 ekspluatatsiya, spravochnoye posobiye. Izd. 2-e, isprav. 1 dopol.

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high-speed machines. It provides fundamental information on various types of cutting tools, their characteristics, materials, geometrical form, use and ways of cutting and their wear and tear. Interchangeable parts, machines for sharpening tools, and the various dynamometers for measuring the cutting force exerted by metal tools are also discussed. This second edition of the book is supplemented with description of the newest methods used in machining metal parts. The latest designs of cutting tools for 'power cutting and high speed' cutting, developed by the scientific research institutes and individuals (e.g., Kolesov, V. L.) are added. The text is filled with drawings of cutting tools and their parts. There are 276 tables in the book and a great number of OST and GOST standards on cutters and the materials used for their construction.

. No. of References: 93, Russian, 1936-1954 (with two sources dated 1870 and 1893).

Facilities: All-Union Scientific and Research Institute (VNII), and the Scientific Research Bureau of Technical Standards (NIBTN). 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520019-2"

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Electric File., TIKHOROV, A. Ia., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

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Gos. nauchmo-tekhn. isd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry, 1954. 472 p.

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173 P. Illus., Diagra, Tables.
At Head of Title: Moscow. Vyssheye Tekhnicheskoye Uchilishche.
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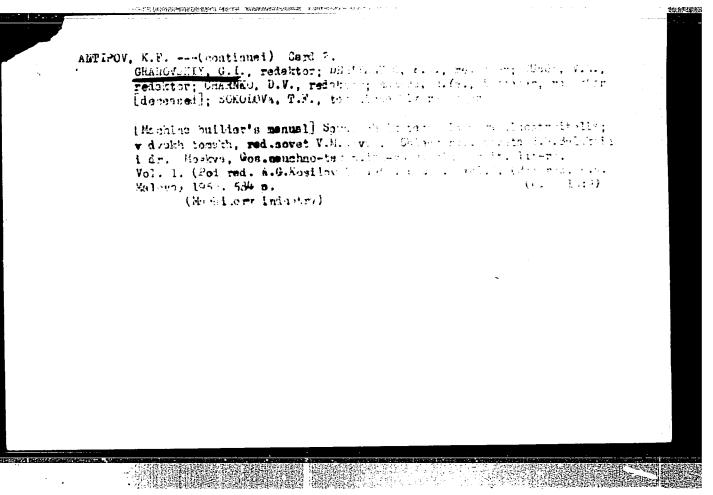
GRANOVSKIY, G.I., professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, redaktor; BRODSKIY, M.G., inzhener, redaktor; BAIANDIN, A.F., inzhener, redaktor izdatel*stva; SHMEL'KINA, S.I., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

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[Design of cutting tools] Konstruirovanie rezhushchego instrumenta.

Pod red. G.I.Granovskogo. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo mashinostroit. lit-ry, 1956. 141 p. (MLRA 9:9)

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1. Avtosavod im. Likhacheva (for Bushuyev). 2. Glavnyy inshener Vsesoyusnogo proyektno-tekhnologicheskogo instituta (for Yemel'yanov).

(Journalism, Technical)

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- Moscow. Vysshaya partiynaya shkola. Kafedra promyshlennogo proizvodstva i stroitel stva
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- Ed. (Title page): G.I. Pogodin-Alekseyev, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor; Eds. (Inside book): A.G. Kokoshko and R.D. Beyzel'man; Tech. Ed.: K.M. Naumov.
- PURPOSE: This collection of papers is intended for engineers, technicians, and students associated with metal cutting.
- COVERAGE: This collection of papers deals with; scientific achievements and progressive methods in metal cutting; improvements in the technology of machinery construction; technical progress Card 1/4

Achievements in Science (Cont.) SOV/2367	i
Achievements in Science (conp.)	
in machine-tool and instrument construction; and designs for the automation of metalworking machine tools and transfer machines. No personalities are mentioned. There are no recreaces.	
TABLE OF CONTENTS:	
Granovskiy, G.I., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor. Sciences and Advanced Practices in Metal Cutting Tool materials and their properties Life and wear resistance of a tool Methods for increasing wear resistance of tools High-speed and coarse cutting. Optimum geometry of a tool Cutting tools designed by industrial innovators	en- 3 7 17 22 27
Prokopovich, A. Ye. Technological Improvements in Machinery Construction Balance of productivity Balance of precision Balance of cost	41 41 63 66
Card 2/4	

Achievements in Science (Cont.)	SOV/2367
Kostousov, A.I. Means of Technical Progress in and Instrument-manufacturing Industries General characteristics of machine tool and ufacture Effectiveness of the introduction of new machindustry Transfer machines Forging and forming equipment Woodworking machines Foundry equipment Metalworking tools and instruments	instrument man- 72 ninery into the 77 79 85 89 90 92
Technical standards for newly made metal-cut tools, presses, foundry machinery, and woods Modernization of equipment as a means of inc Steps being taken in designing. Designers a eers Certain problems in the technology and organduction	working machinery 95 creasing output 97 and process engin- 98
Prokopovich, A.Ye. Metal-cutting Machine Tools Transfer Lines Card 3/4	and Automatic 109

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chievements in Science (Cont.) SOV/236	•
Heavy-duty machine tools	109
Precision machine tools	113
Special machine tools for major branches of industry	116
Improvement of standards in the automation of equipment	; 121
Methods for the automation of metal-cutting machine too	ls 125
Improvement in operational control of machine tools	129
Automatic transfer lines	130
Automation of assembly work	141
Complete automatic transfer lines	143
Modernization of the operating stock of machine tools	148
Facilities of the economic region permit the acceleration the solution of important problems in further industrial development steps being taken in the development of machinery and strument construction in the city of Moscow	ion of al 162 in- 168 port-
Improvements in specialization and cooperation an impant advantage of the new system of industrial management	
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GRAHMSKIY, Gerbart Ivanovich, prof., doktor tekhn.nauk

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Dost.nauki i tekh.i pered.op.v prom.i stroi. no.4:3-39 '59.

(MIRA 12:10)

(Metal cutting)

VLASOV, A.F.; GRANOVSKIX, G.I., prof., retsenzent; ROSSIYANOV, D.D., inzh., retsenzent; BROMLEY, M.F., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; SMIRNOVA, G.V., tekhn. red.

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- Sponsoring Agency: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut mashinovedeniya. Komissiya po tekhnologii mashinostroyeniya.
- Resp. Ed.: V. I. Dikushin, Academician; Ed. of Publishing House: V. A. Kotov; Tech. Ed.: I. F. Kuz'min.
- PURPOSE: This collection of articles is intended for technical personnel concerned with the automation of the machine industry.
- COVERAGE: This is Volume III of the transactions of the Second Conference on the Full Mechanization and Automation of Manufacturing Processes in the Machine Industry, held September 25-29,

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001esseGIAcRDPS6-00513R060916520019-2 Automation of Machine-Building

1956. The transactions have been published in three volumes. Volume I deals with the hot pressworking of metals, and volume II, with the actuation and control of machines. The present volume deals with the automation of metal machining and workhardening, and with general problems encountered in automation. The transactions on the automation of metal-machining processes were published under the supervision of F. S. Dem'yanok and A. M. Karatygin, and those on the automation of work hardening processes, under the supervision of E. A. Satel' and M. O. Yakobson. No personalities are mentioned. There are no references.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

PART I. AUTOMATION OF METAL-MACHINING PROCESSES

Granovskiy, G. I. On the Regularities in Tool Wear During the Cutting Process

5

Card 2/7

Mozhayev, S. S. Universal Computer for Determining the Highest-Productivity Regimes for Metal-Cutting Machines	15
Pankin, A. V., and L. N. Fitzner. Device for Determining the Optimum Cutting Regimes for Turning	20
Erpsher, Yu. B. On the Operation of the Tools in Automatic Production Lines	32
Lyudmirskiy, D. G. Experience of the SKB-6 [Special Design Office No. 6] in Designing and Mastering Automatic Production-Line Operations	43
Yegorov, B. V. Automation of Universal Metal-Cutting Machines for Mass Production	53
Neklyudov, G. I. Automatic Machining of Parts Used in Watchmaking	62
Card 3/7	

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520019-2"

Automation of Machine-Building Processes (Cont.) SOV/5291	
Yakobson, M. O. Automated Production of Gears and Splined Shafts	66
Koshkin, L. N. Automation of Manufacturing Processes Based on Hotary Transfer Machines	82
Ryvkin, G. M. Metal-Cutting Tools for Automated Production	98
Derbisher, A. V. Automation of Manufacturing Processes at the 1 GPZ [1st State Bearing Plant]	111
Sokolov, Ye. F. Experience in the Operation of Semiauto- matic Hydraulic Copying Machines	124
Vasil'yev, V. S. Automatic Balancing Machines	129
Kuritsyna, A. D. New Advanced Processes for the Mass Production of Sliding Bearings	141
Card 4/7	

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520019-2"

Automation of Machine-Building Processes (Cont.) SOV/5291	
Fil'kin, V. P. Securing Stability in Motion of Parts During Centerless Grinding	148
Zolotykh, B. N. Present State of and Prospects for Electro- spark Machining of Metals and Methods for Its Automation	156
Rozenberg, L. D., and D. F. Yakhimovich. Use of Ultrasonics for Machining Hard and Brittle Materials	164
Zheleznov, Ye. S. Automation of the Process for Grinding Bearing Rings	173
Dashchenko, A. I. Investigating the Process Parameters of Small Semiautomatic Unit-Head Machine Tools	186
PART II. AUTOMATION OF SURFACE-HARDENING PROCESSES	
Chirikov, V. T. Controlling the Carburizing Process	203
Card 5/7	

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/13/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000516520019-2"

Automation of Machine-Building Processes (Cont.) SOV/5291	
Nikol'skiy, A. P. Units for Quenching and Tempering by High-Frequency Heating in Automatic Production Lines	211
Larkin, F. R. Automatic Unit for the Shot Peening of Leaf Springs	217
Grigulis, Yu. K. Automating the Thickness Control of Surface Films	222
PART III. GENERAL PROBLEMS IN AUTOMATION	
Blagonravov, A. A. [Academician]. Objectives of Automating the Processes in Machine Building	229
Dikushin, V. I. [Academician]. Problem of Automation in Machine Building	231
Kulebakin, V. S. [Academician]. On Methods of Improving Automatic Systems	246
Card 6/7	

Automation of Machine-Building Processes (Cont.) SOV/529	1
Klimenko, K. I. Economic Effectiveness of Automation and Methods of Determining It	272
Yemel'yanov, A. D. Basic Principles of Determining the Economic Effectiveness in the Automation of Production	277
Ioannesyants, M. Ya. Investment per Unit of [Rated] Horse- power in the Automobile Industry	285
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BOBROV, Vsevolod Fomich, kand. tekhn. nauk; GRANOVSKIY, G.I., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof., retsenzent; BALANDIN, A.F., red. izd-va; UVAROVA, A.F., tekhn. red.

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